



Training video for foreign applicants renewing or transferring driving licences in Thailand

Motor Vehicle Act B.E. 2522



Vehicle colour change: 7-days



Vehicle ownership transfer: 15-days



5 year personal driving licence



5 year personal driving licence



Land Traffic Act B.E. 2522



10 Warning Signs You Should Know



Parallel right exit to the main road



Give way ahead



School zone



Left lane ends



T-junction on the right and left



Angled side road on the right



Steep incline



Railroad crossing



Pedestrian crossing

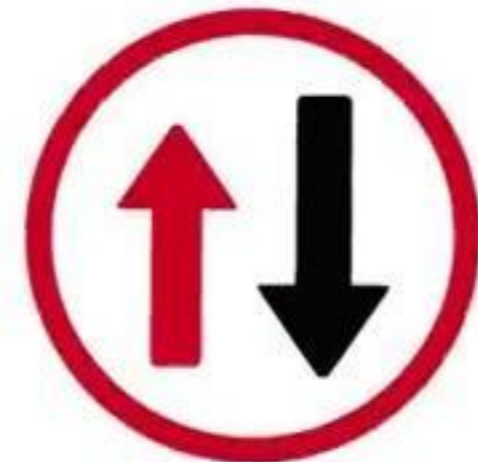


Divided road ends

10 Restrictive Signs You Should Know



Give way



Give way to oncoming traffic



Carpool lane



No changing to right lane



Maximum speed limit



No parking



No access for cars



No stopping



Pedestrians only



Stop



No overtaking

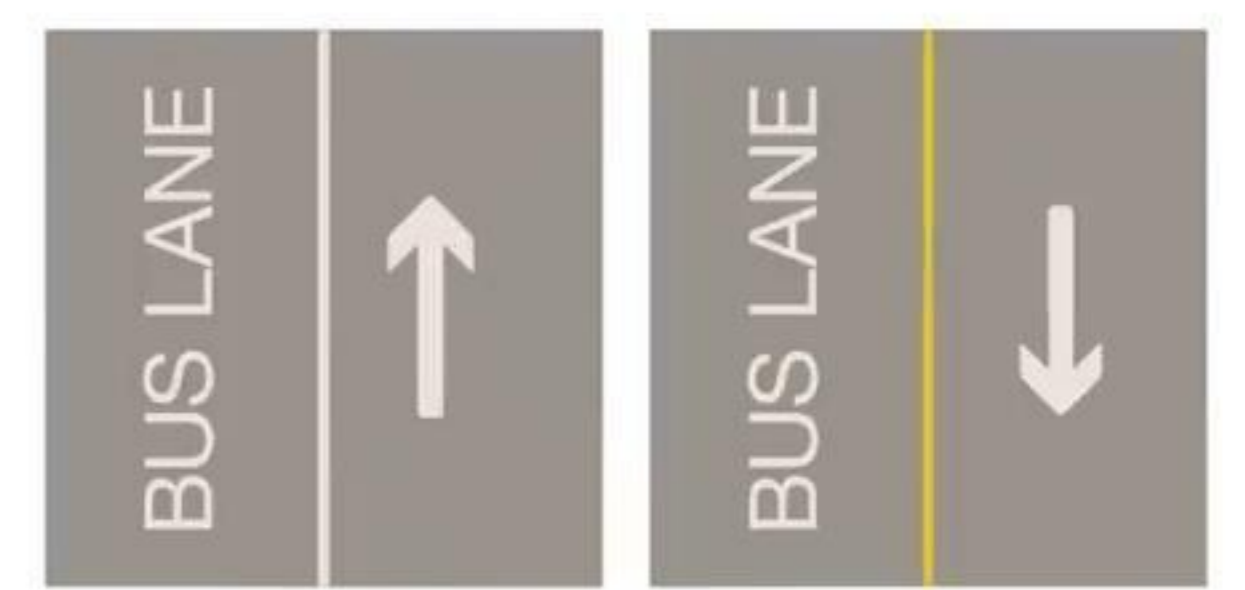
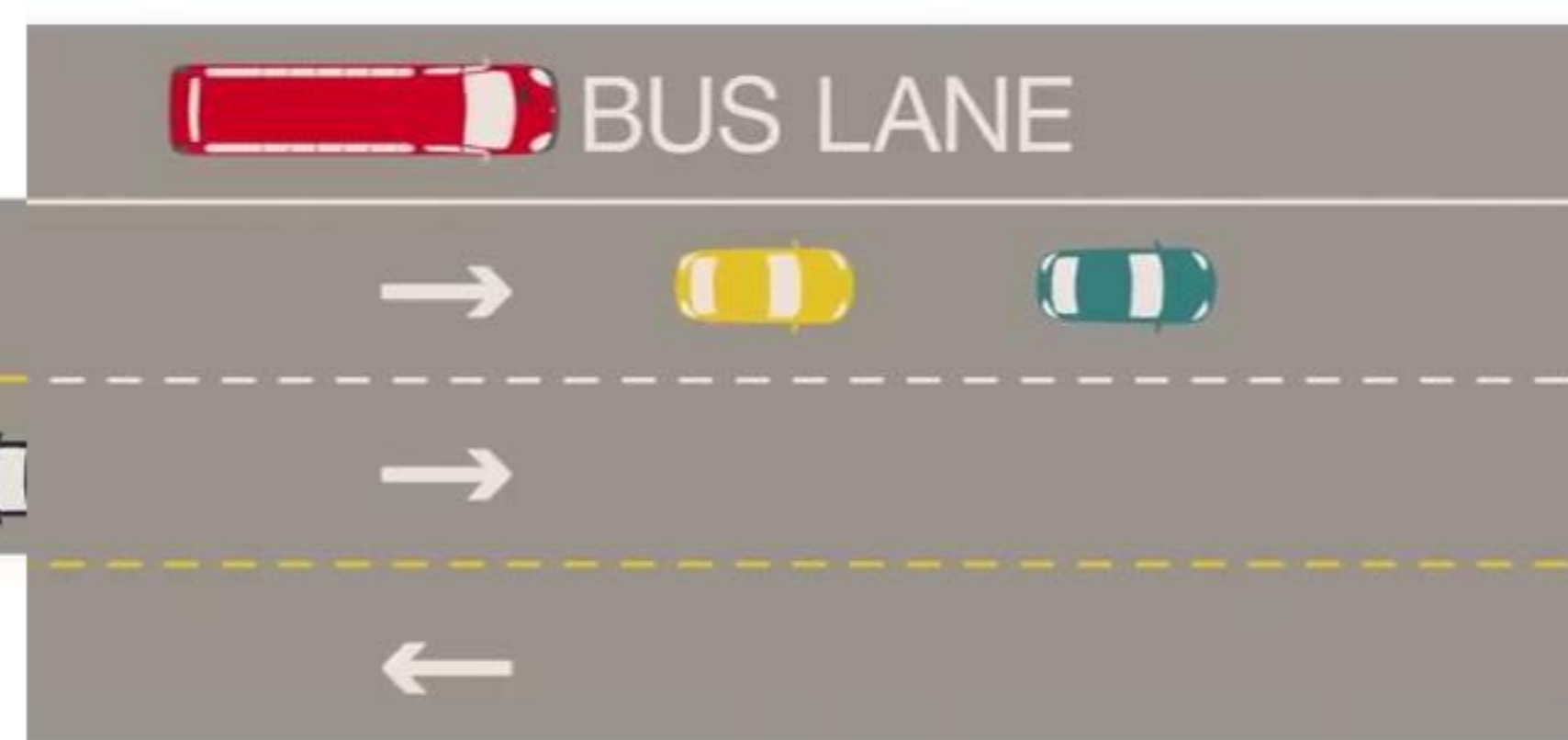
Overtaking possible

Overtaking possible from dashed lined side only



Arrow signs on a road

Vehicles can't stop



Bridge



Railroad tracks



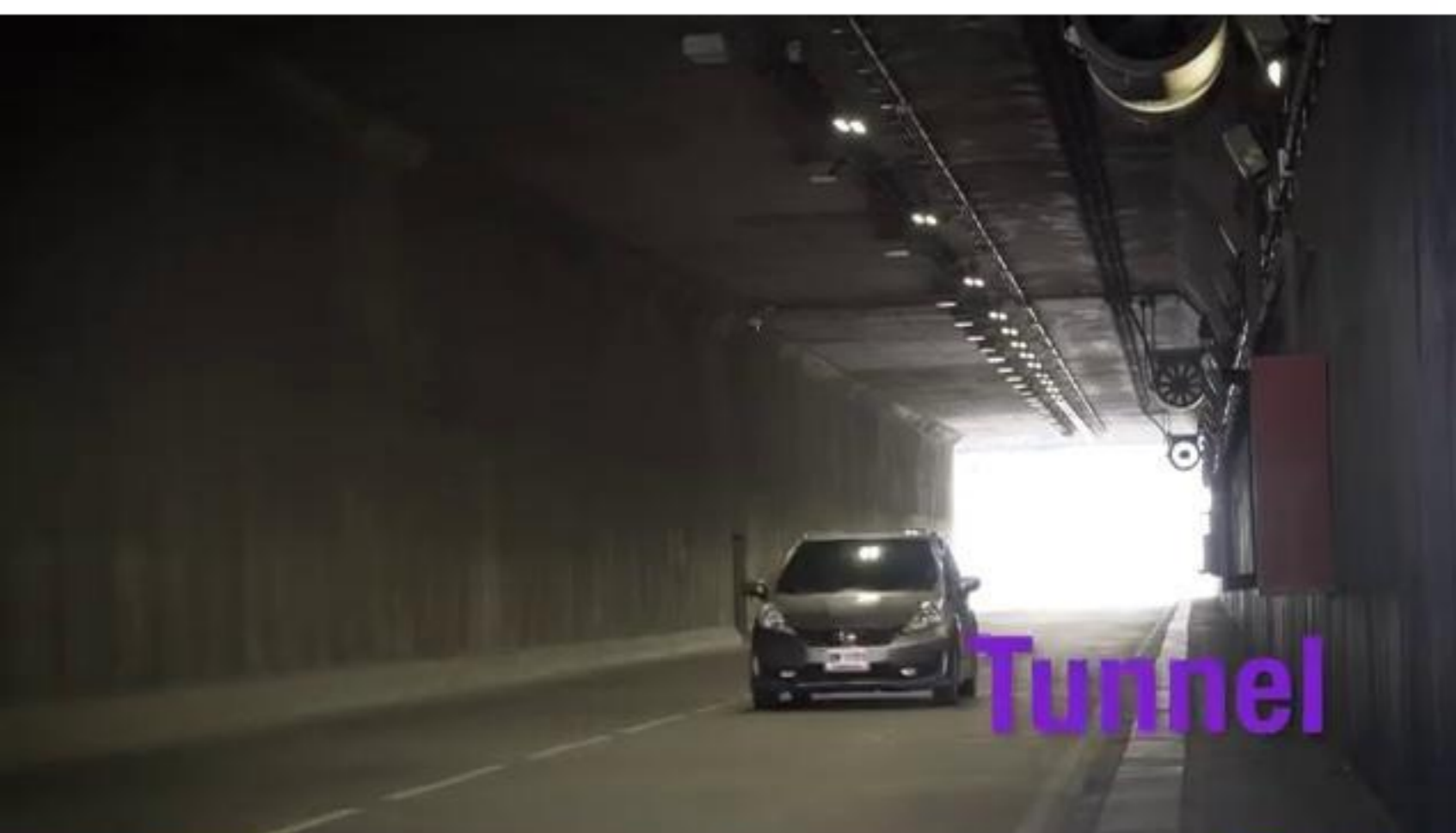
Restrictive signs



Obstacle for other drivers



Tunnel



Intersection



Traffic lights



Building access points



Crossway

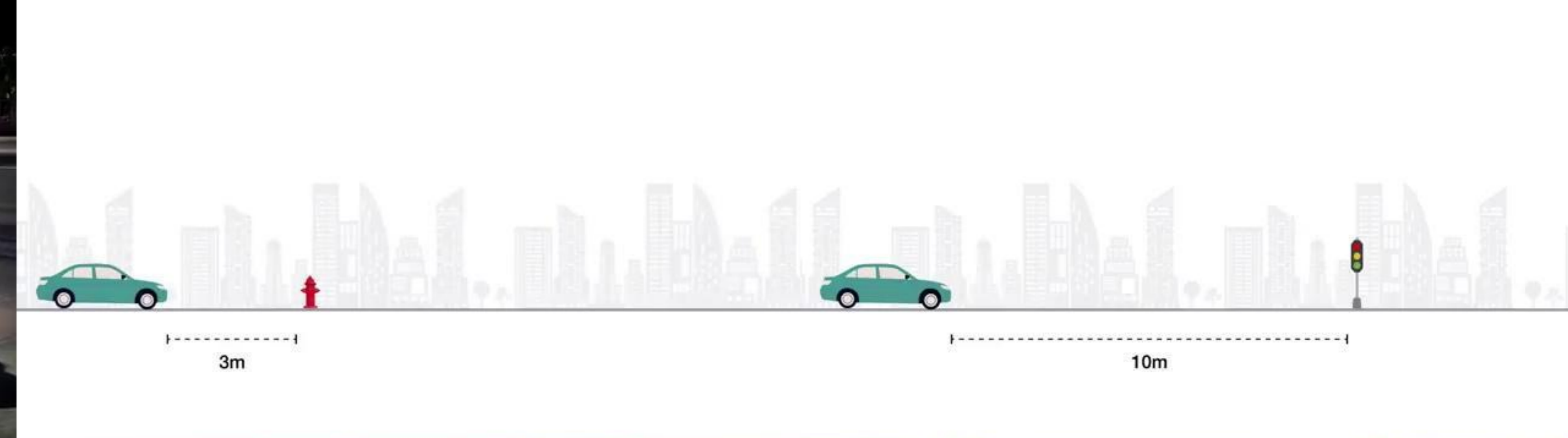




Safe Zones

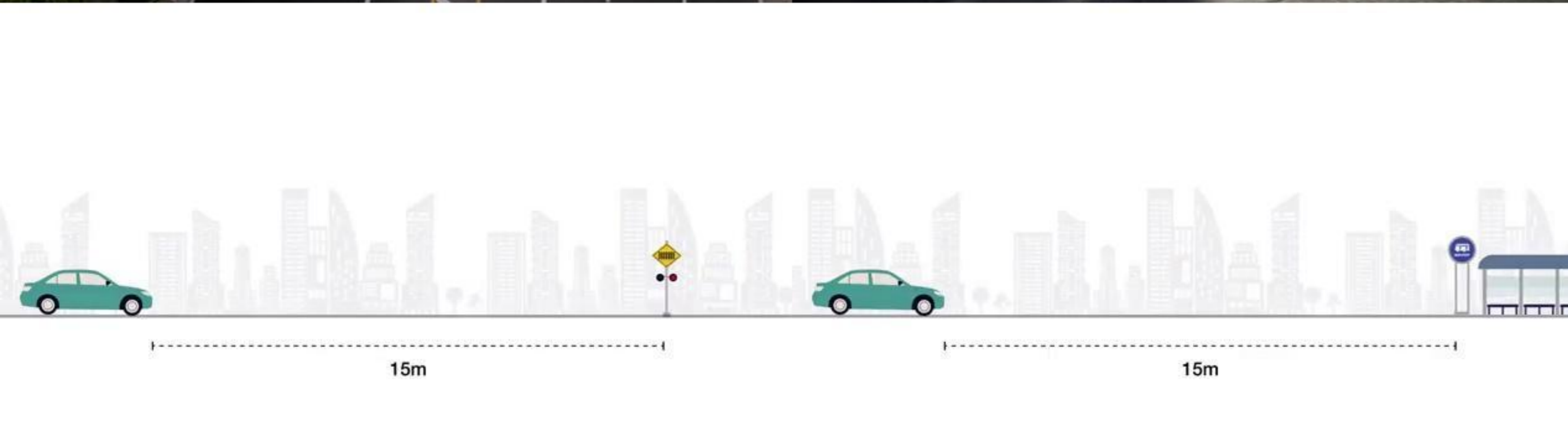


Fire hydrants



3m

10m



15m

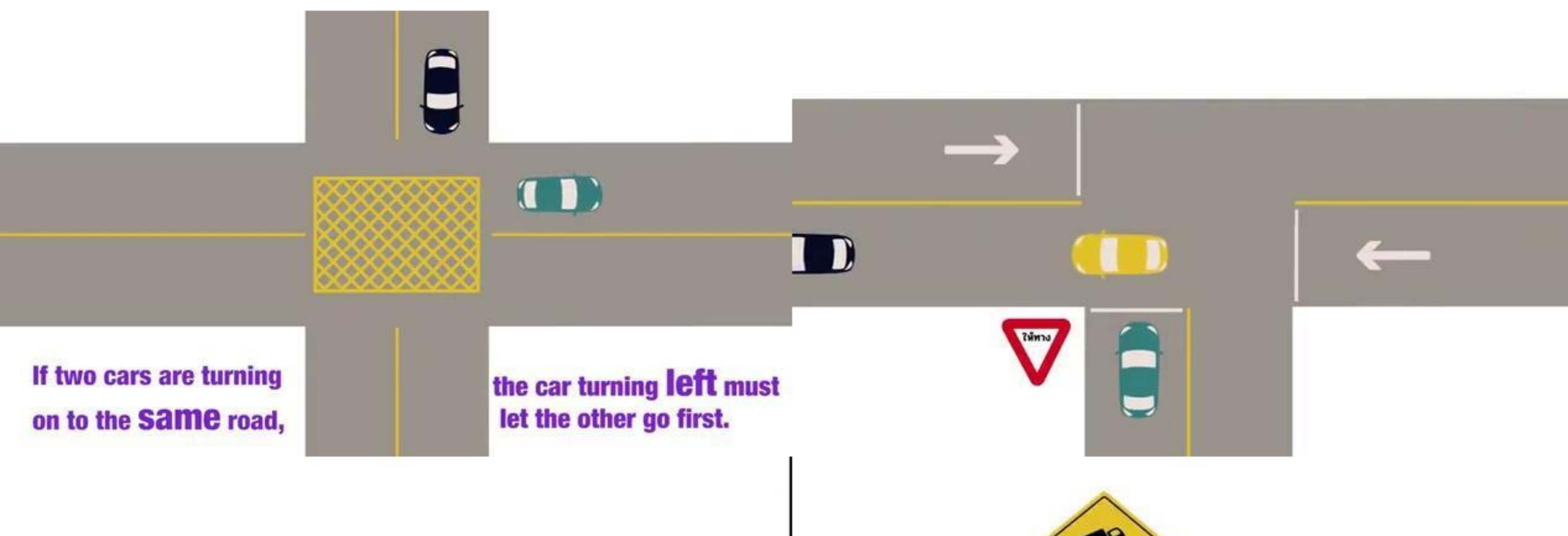
15m



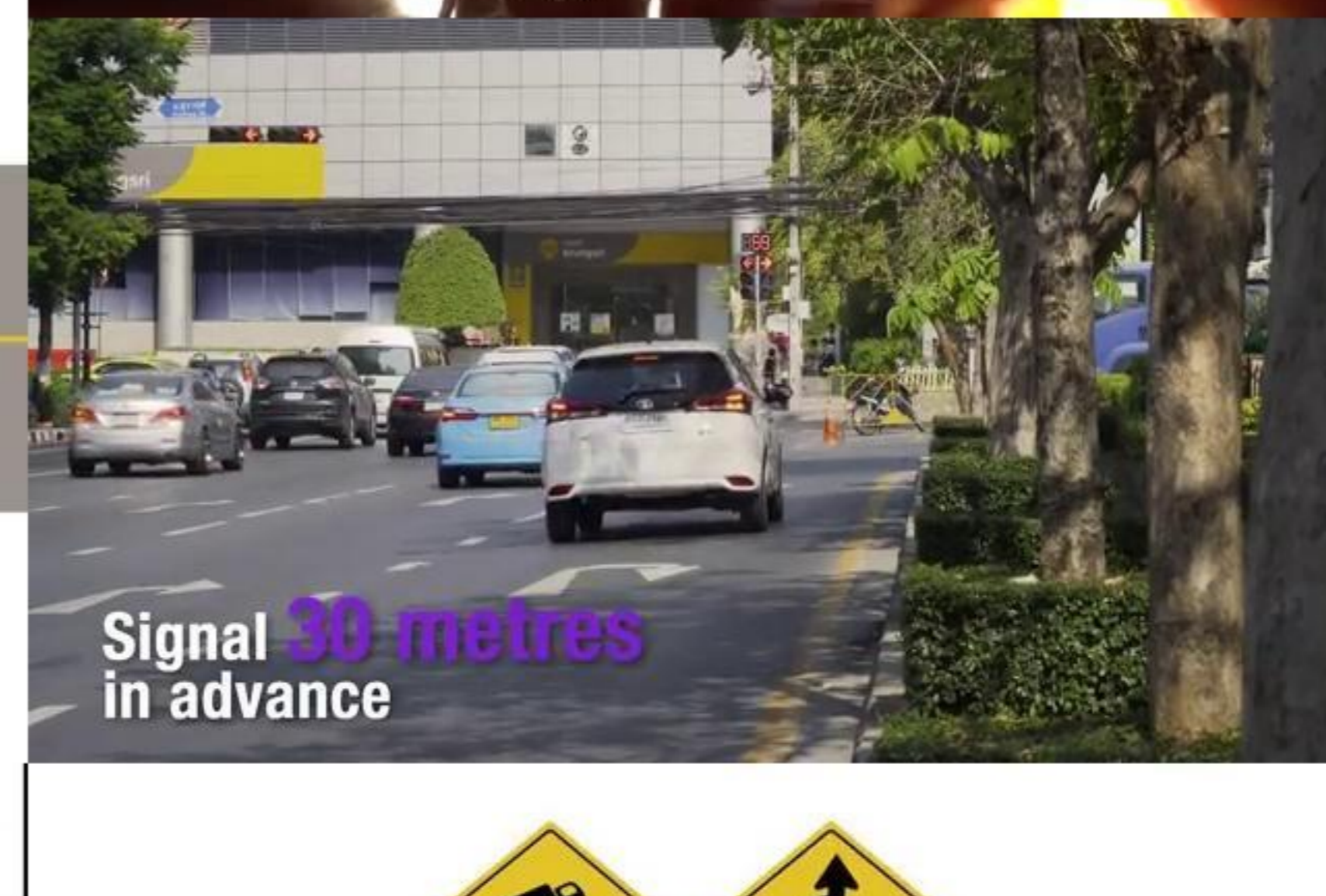
Always signal



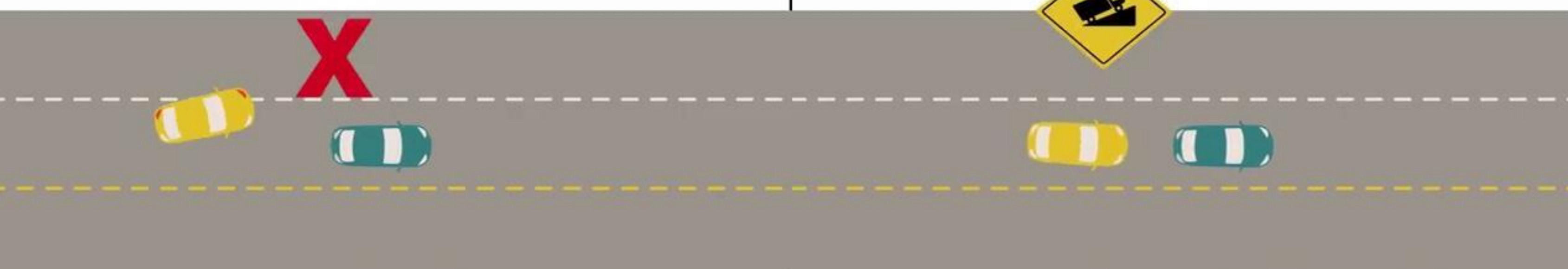
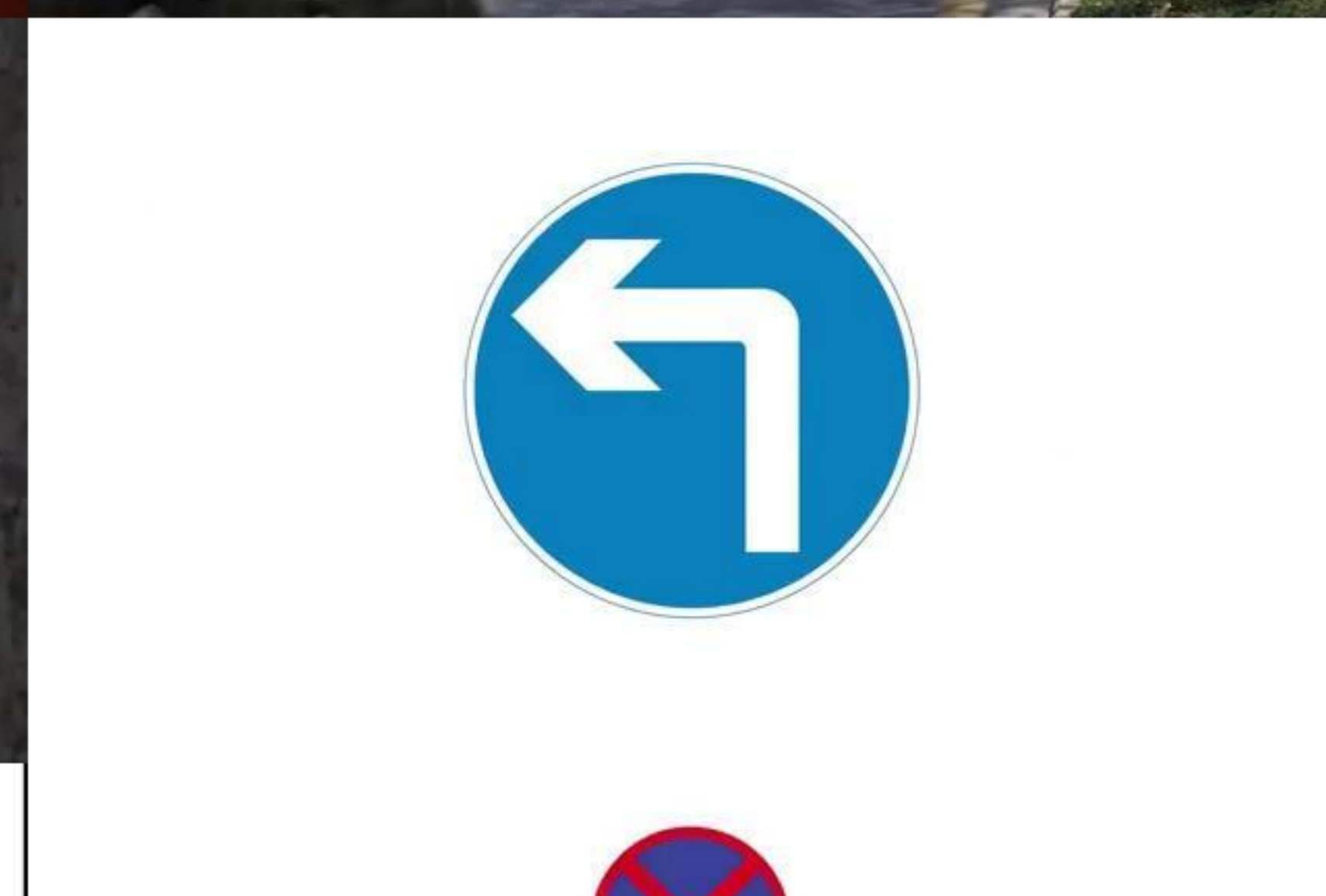
Always signal



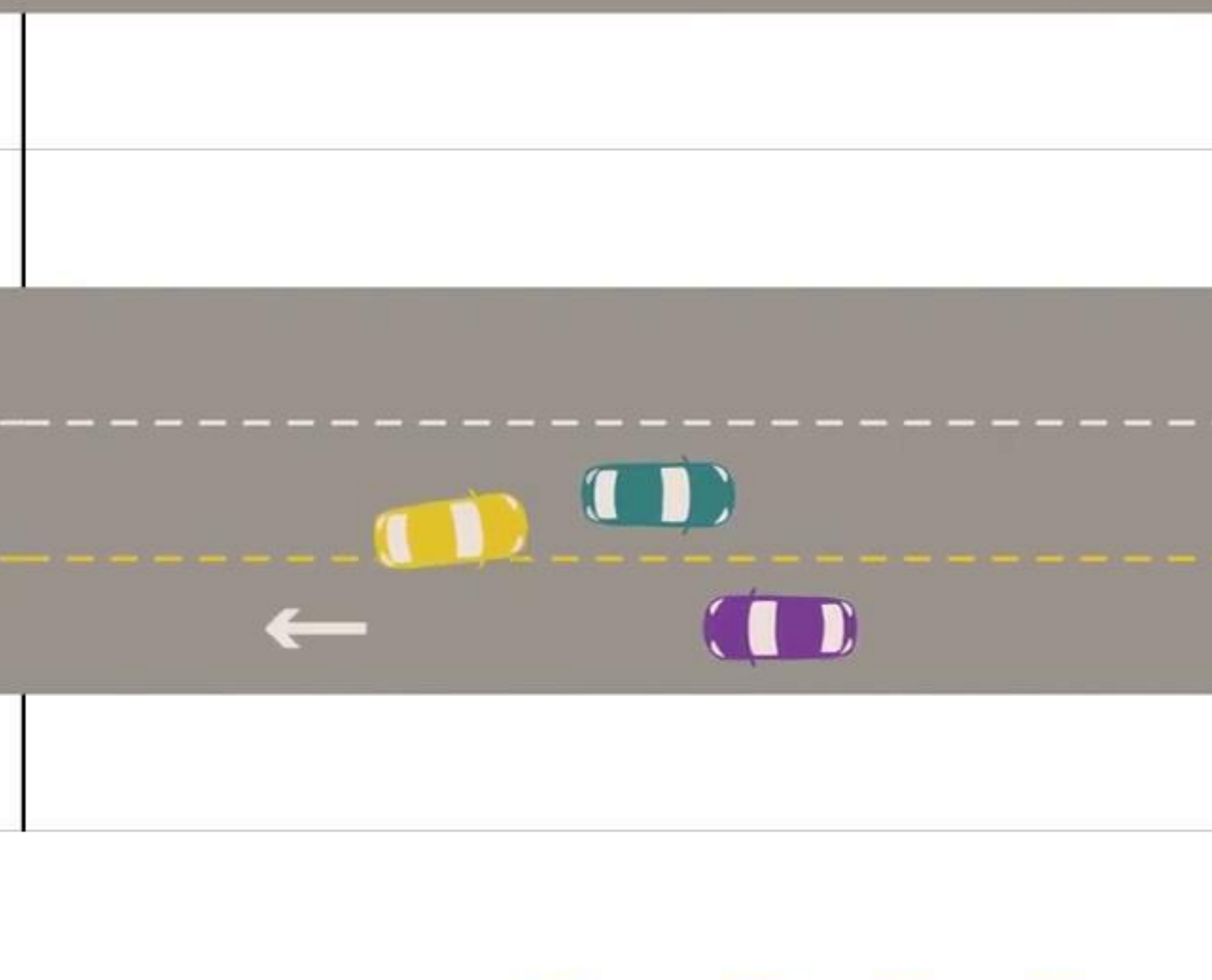
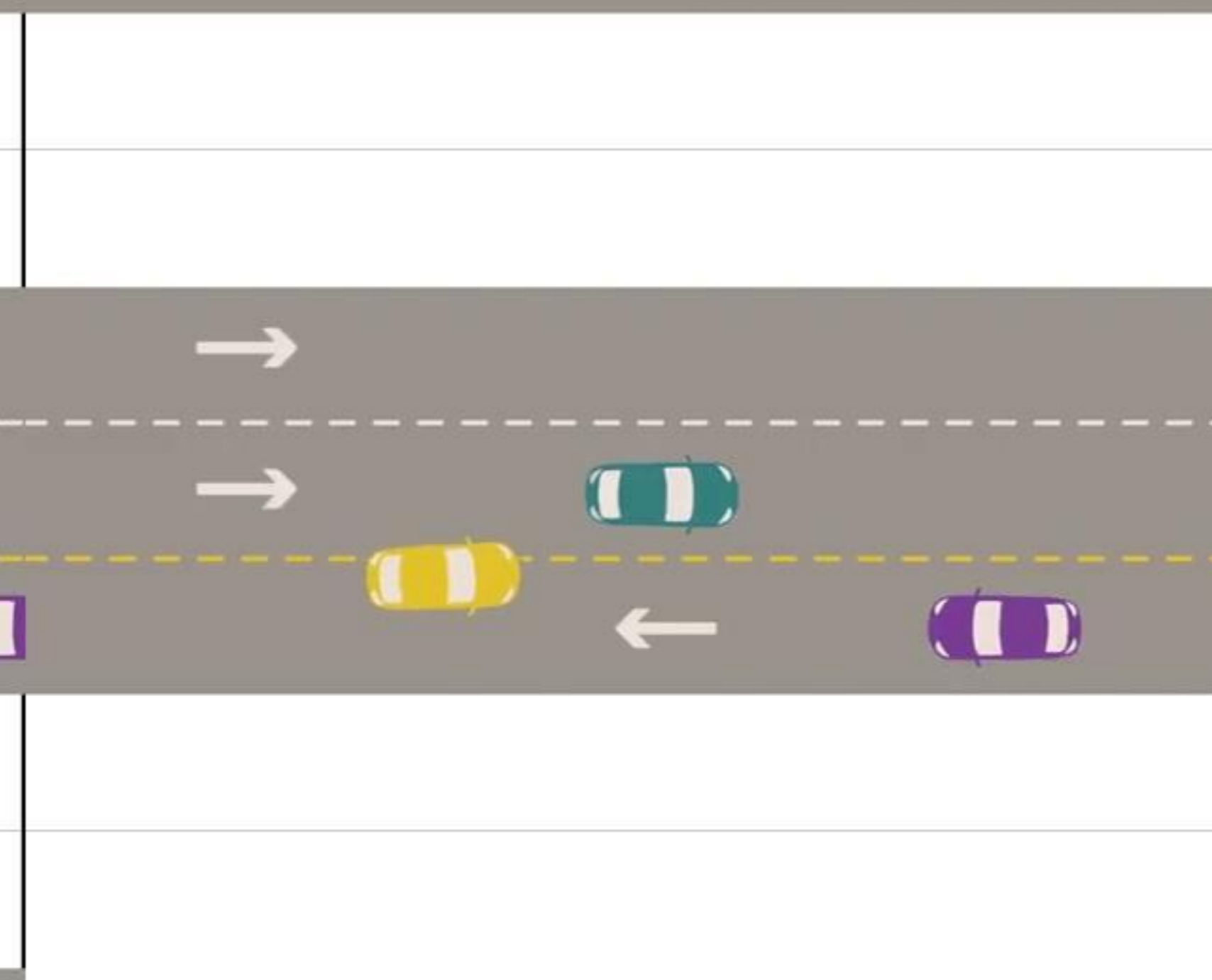
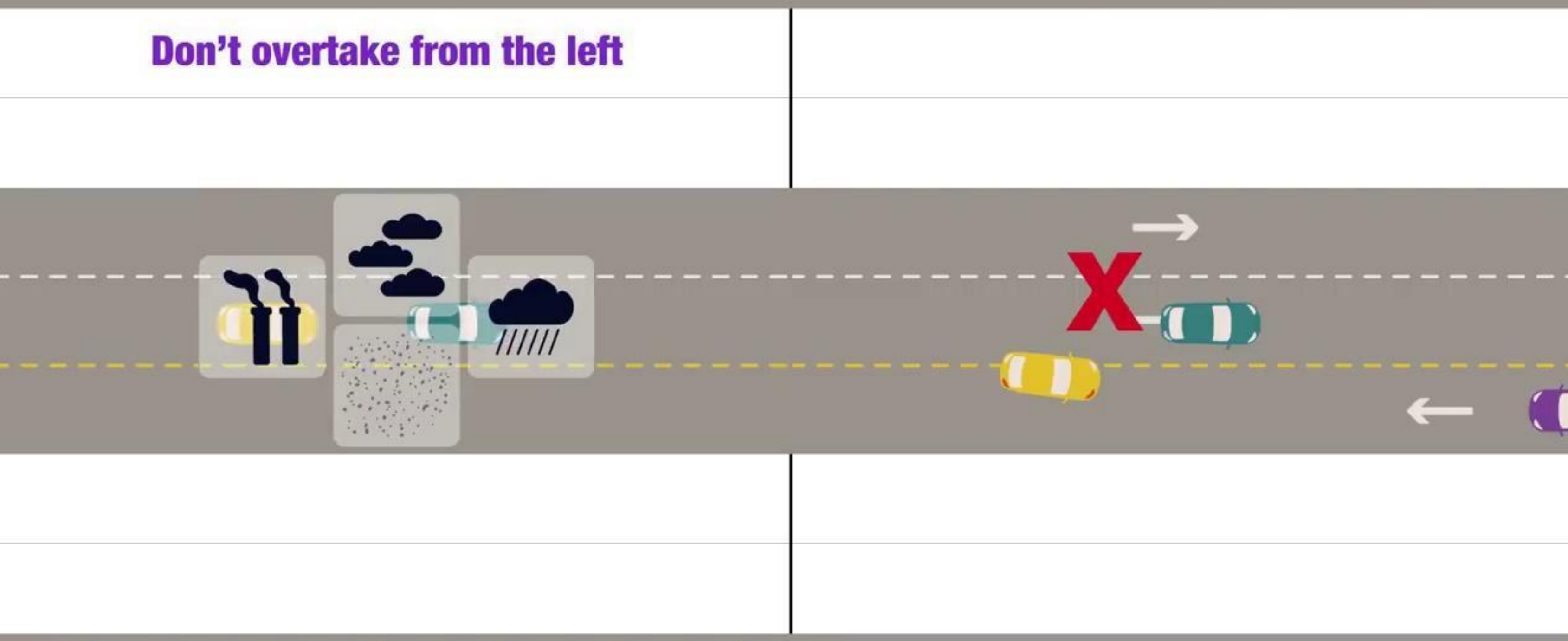
If two cars are turning on to the **same** road, the car turning **left** must let the other go first.



Signal 30 metres in advance



Don't overtake from the left



Stay on the left

75,000 TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

Source: Royal Thai Police

75,000 TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS 8,000 DEATHS

Source: Royal Thai Police

75,000 TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS 8,000 DEATHS BANGKOK HIGHEST NUMBER OF ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS IN THAILAND

Source: Royal Thai Police

TOP 4 CAUSES OF ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

Source: Royal Thai Police



Source: Royal Thai Police



Slow down



Turn on hazard lights



Focus on the road



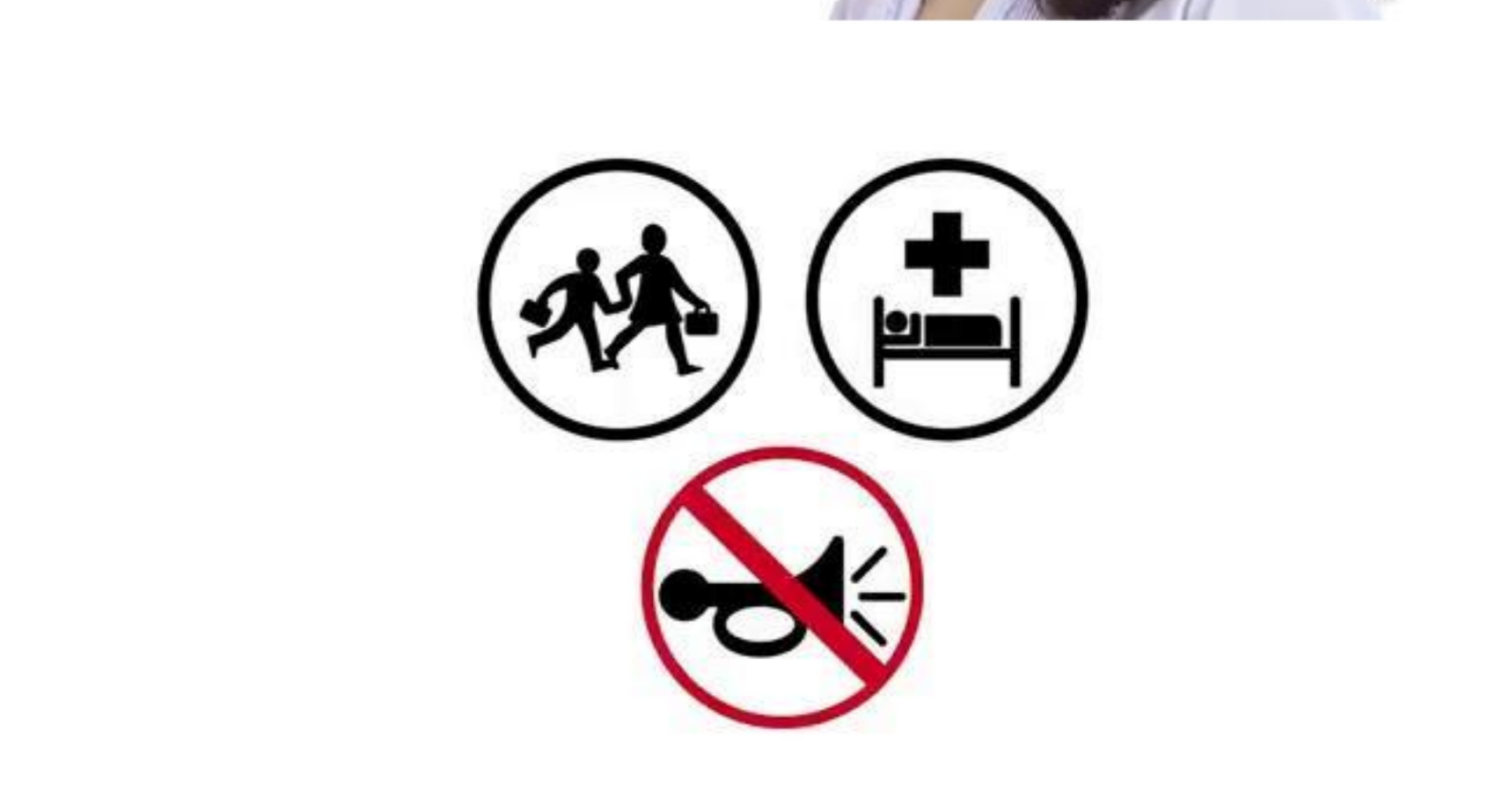
Be extra careful driving at night



Over one month or more than 3,000 kilometres

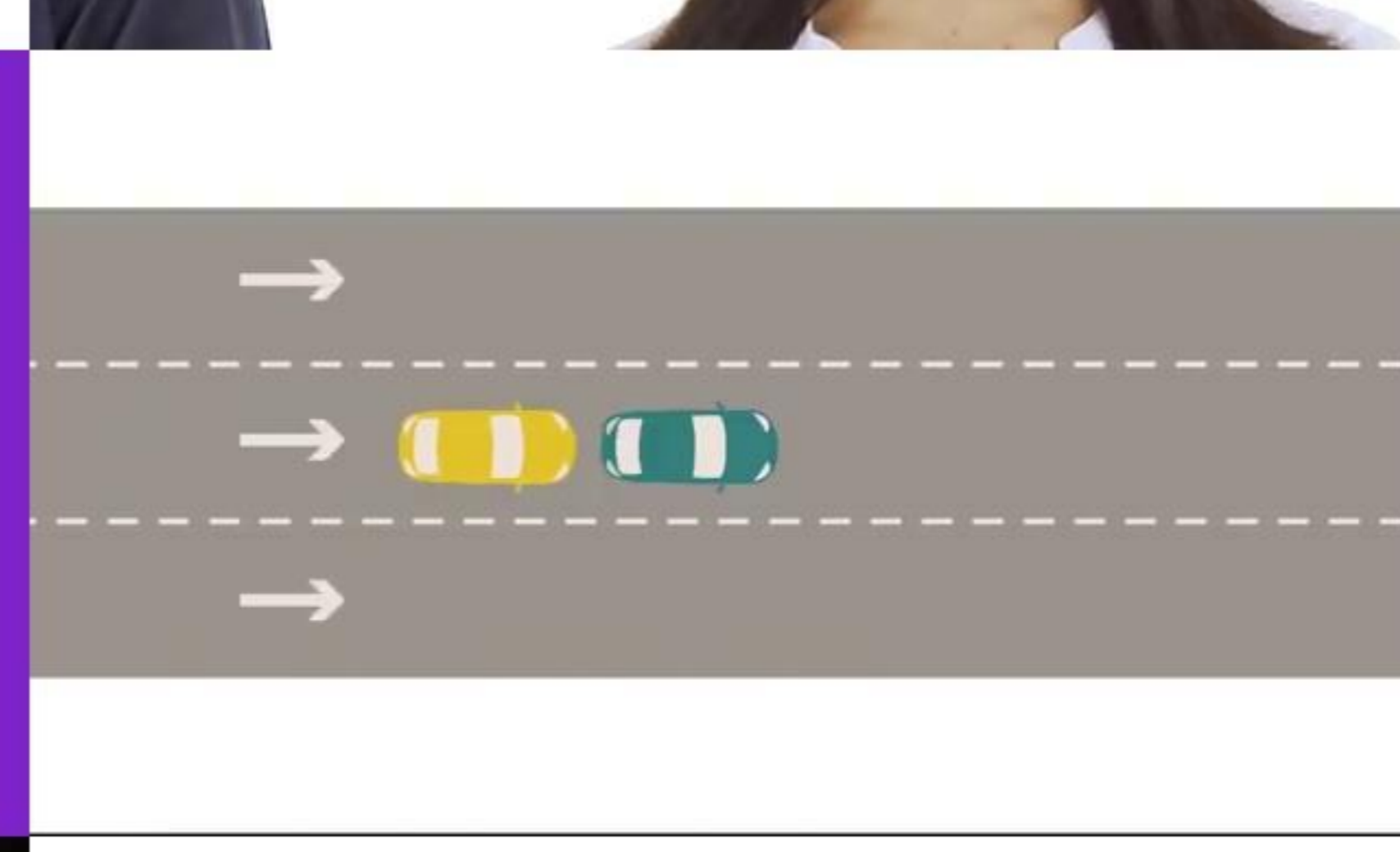


Respect and gratitude



Forgive and forget

Key Things to Remember when Driving in Thailand



Only use short honks



High beams



Low beams

www.dlt.go.th/en/

TRUE or FALSE There's no need to have your car registration in your vehicle as long as you have a valid licence.

TRUE or FALSE There's no need to signal if you're departing from a full stop.

TRUE or FALSE A dashed line on the road means overtaking is permitted.

TRUE or FALSE When you're driving in a roundabout, stay in the right lane.

TRUE or FALSE You can't stop within 15 metres of an intersection with railroad tracks.

Always turn your high beams on when driving at night.

TRUE or FALSE

Most accidents are caused by the driver's condition.

TRUE or FALSE

A long press on the car horn infers cursing.

TRUE or FALSE

Most road accidents involve motorcycles.

TRUE or FALSE

Raising your hand and nodding your head to another driver is considered rude.

TRUE or FALSE

1 While driving, what documents do you need to have along with a valid driving licence?

a) Copy of car registration
b) ID card
c) House registration
d) Social security card

2 What is the penalty for driving without a licence?

a) Imprisonment up to 1 year
b) A fine not exceeding 2,000 THB
c) Imprisonment of up to 1 month or a fine not exceeding 1,000 THB or both
d) A fine not exceeding 5,000 THB

3 How far in advance can a 5-year personal driving licence be renewed?

a) 3 months
b) 4 months
c) 5 months
d) 6 months

4 If you receive a summons to pay a fine for a traffic offence, how many days do you have to pay it?

a) 7 days
b) 10 days
c) 15 days
d) 30 days

5 What should you do if you're stopped at an intersection and the traffic light turns green?

a) Check the traffic around you before moving
b) Drive through the intersection quickly
c) Wait until the car behind you honks its horn and then move
d) Whatever each driver prefers

6 What should you do if the left lane is obstructed and there is oncoming traffic?

a) Stop and wait until the oncoming traffic has passed and then continue driving
b) Drive on without paying attention to the oncoming traffic
c) Overtake immediately because you can drive faster than the oncoming traffic
d) Turn on hazard lights and overtake

7 What should you do if you want to turn left?

a) Turn left right away
b) Signal, slow down and turn when safe
c) Accelerate to be able to turn faster
d) Honk the car horn before turning

8 What is the correct way to drive safely on expressways?

a) Do not go faster than the speed limit
b) Drive slowly in the right lane
c) Drive fast in the left lane
d) Do not overtake on the left

9 Before changing lanes or turning, the turn signal should be given how many metres in advance?

a) 3 metres
b) 30 metres
c) 10 metres
d) 15 metres

10 When driving along a road with two or three lanes going in the same direction, what should you do when you see motorcyclists?

a) Drive on the left side
b) Drive on the right side
c) Drive over the lane demarcation
d) Drive in the lane to continue straight ahead

11 Which of the following is the main cause of collisions?

a) Tailgating
b) Low tyre pressure
c) Traffic lights suddenly changing
d) Slowing down for a yellow light

12 When should you use emergency signals?

a) When you drive slowly because you're lost
b) When you drive slowly because of heavy rain
c) When you want to drive straight through an intersection
d) When your car breaks down or an accident occurs

13 When preparing to overtake another vehicle, what should you do first?

a) Check the side mirror and signal
b) When oncoming traffic allows, overtake on the left
c) Accelerate and overtake right away
d) Turn on emergency signals and overtake

14 What is the legal alcohol limit for drivers?

a) 50 milligram percent
b) 60 milligram percent
c) 70 milligram percent
d) 80 milligram percent

15 What is the safe way to drive along a curve in the road?

a) Go faster than the speed limit
b) Reduce speed ahead of the curve
c) Change gears while entering the curve
d) Brake suddenly while driving along the curve

16 What should you do when going through a flooded area?

a) Never use the brakes
b) Drive as close to the vehicle in front of you as possible
c) Use your emergency lights
d) Drive slowly and keep back a reasonable distance from the vehicle in front of you

17 If a mirror breaks while driving, what should you do?

a) Turn on emergency signals and park on the left
b) Keep right to park the car
c) Reverse to find parking
d) Keep driving to find a service centre

18 What should you do when driving in an area with traffic jams?

a) Drive slowly while watching out for pedestrians and other vehicles
b) Honk the horn to get the car ahead of you to move forward and to warn pedestrians to give way
c) Drive outside the lane and squeeze by parked cars and pedestrians
d) Go against the indicated traffic direction to try and find another route

19 What is the penalty for driving with an expired licence?

a) A fine not exceeding 2,000 THB
b) A fine not exceeding 5,000 THB
c) Imprisonment for up to three months
d) Imprisonment for no more than one month

20 What does this road surface marking mean?



a) No stopping in this space unless you're waiting to turn right
b) All vehicles can stop
c) All vehicles must stop
d) All vehicles can make a u-turn

21 What does this road sign mean?




a) All vehicles can enter
b) No vehicles allowed
c) Parking permitted
d) Passenger drop-off permitted

22 What does this road sign mean?



a) Keep left
b) Keep right
c) Don't keep left
d) Don't keep right

23 What does this road sign mean?



a) Car and motorcycle lane
b) No buses allowed
c) Bus lane
d) Bus stop

24 What do red and white markings along the edge of the road mean?

a) No stopping and no parking for all vehicles
b) No stopping but parking is permitted for all vehicles
c) No stopping for all vehicles except cars
d) No parking but temporary stopping permitted

25 What is the correct gear to use when driving up and down a hill?

a) Low gear for ascending and descending
b) Low gear for ascending and high gear for descending
c) Low gear for ascending and neutral for descending
d) High gear for ascending and descending

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26 If you are driving behind a cyclist and you want to turn left, what should you do?

a) Slow down until the cyclist passes the turn
b) Try to overtake the cyclist before the turn
c) Park and wait until the cyclist passes the turn
d) Turn without paying attention to the cyclist

27 Why shouldn't you use your high beams when you're driving behind another vehicle or when there is oncoming traffic?

a) It will make drivers in oncoming traffic doze off
b) It will make it difficult for you to see the road clearly
c) It will make the driver in the vehicle ahead of you doze off
d) The driver of the vehicle ahead of you and oncoming traffic will not be able to see the road clearly

28 If you feel tired while driving a long distance, what should you do?

a) Take a break and sleep or exercise in rest areas
b) Brake often to help you stay awake
c) Speed up to reach your destination quickly
d) Drive erratically to keep you alert

29 Which of the following is the wrong behaviour when you want to overtake?

a) Overtaking when there is a solid line demarcation
b) Overtaking large trucks when safe
c) Overtaking a car when there is a dashed line demarcation and when it's safe
d) Overtaking when the vehicle in front of you is turning right

30 What signal should you use if you want to turn right at an intersection?

a) The right turn signal
b) The hazard lights
c) No need to signal
d) Wave your arm through the window

Training VDO Driving Licences in Thailand

1. **Vehicle Registration:** Register your vehicle and pay the tax in advance. If your vehicle is older than seven years, it must pass an inspection before paying tax.
2. **Driving License:** Always carry your valid driving license and a copy of your vehicle registration with you.
3. **Vehicle Modifications:** Inform the DLT office within seven days if you make modifications to your vehicle, such as changing the color.
4. **Vehicle Ownership Transfer:** Notify the DLT within 15 days if you transfer ownership of your vehicle.
5. **Driving without License:** It's illegal to drive
6. with an unregistered red plate
7. without a valid driving license.
8. **International License:** Non-Thai citizens can only apply for personal car or motorcycle licenses in Thailand. An international driving license can be obtained with a valid five-year Thai driving license.
9. Penalty for driving without a license: Imprisonment of up to 1 month or a fine not exceeding 1000 baht or both
10. A five year personal driving licence can be renewed 3 months in advance
11. A FINE HAS TO BE PAID IN 7 DAYS
12. **While driving Traffic Laws:** Drive on the left side of the road in Thailand. The far left lane should be used as much as possible, except for overtaking or when there are obstacles.
13. **Traffic Signals:** Green means go, yellow means slow down, and red means stop. Always obey traffic signals and give way to pedestrians.
14. **Flashing Yellow Light:** A flashing yellow light means caution; always be extra careful.
15. **Road Signals:** Follow traffic police signals, which can be given using hands, arms, or whistles.

16. **Lane Changes:** Be aware that traffic police may temporarily rearrange lanes during busy times.
17. **Warning Signs:** Learn these warning signs: parallel right exit, give way ahead, school zone, lane ends, T-junction, angled side road, steep incline, railroad crossing, pedestrian crossing, and divided road ends.
18. **Restrictive Signs:** Learn these restrictive signs: give way, give way to oncoming traffic, no changing to right lane, speed limit, no parking, no access for cars, no stopping, and pedestrians only.
19. **Road Surface Signs:** Full lines mean no overtaking, dashed lines mean overtaking is possible when safe, and a box with diagonal lines means no stopping.
20. **Parking Restrictions:** Don't park in restricted areas such as bridges, tunnels, intersections, or near fire hydrants. Also, avoid parking within 10 meters of traffic lights and 15 meters of train tracks.
21. **Parking Distance Rules:** Park at least 3 meters away from fire hydrants, 10 meters from traffic lights, and 15 meters from railroad tracks or bus stops.
22. **Signaling:** Always signal before starting from a full stop and before turning at an intersection. Signal at least 30 meters in advance when turning.
23. **Major vs. Minor Roads:** If a sign says "give way," you're on a minor road and must yield to vehicles on the major road.
24. **Roundabouts:** Drive on the left in roundabouts. Yield to traffic coming from the right.
25. **Overtaking Rules:** Don't overtake from the left or in hazardous areas such as narrow roads, steep bridges, or curves unless permitted by signs.
26. **Overtaking When Being Overtaken:** If you're being overtaken, stay on the left and don't accelerate.
27. **Motorcycle Safety:** Always wear a helmet, check brakes, lights, and tires before riding. Don't ride against traffic.
28. **Road Accidents:** In the event of an accident, stop, help anyone who might be hurt, and call the authorities. Provide your name, contact info, and license plate number to others involved.

29. **Accident Scene:** Pull over to the side of the road to let emergency vehicles pass.
30. **Driving Under the Influence:** Never drive under the influence of alcohol or drugs. The penalties are severe.
31. **Mobile Phone Use:** Don't use your phone while driving.
32. **Tailgating:** Maintain a safe distance from the vehicle in front of you to avoid accidents.
33. **Bad Road Conditions:** Slow down in poor road conditions, such as during rain, fog, or roadworks.
34. **Driving in Poor Visibility:** Adjust your speed and use lights when visibility is low due to rain, smoke, or fog.
35. **Speeding:** Obey speed limits at all times, and reduce speed in busy or hazardous areas.
36. **Night Driving:** Be extra careful when driving at night, and always use lights properly.
37. **Overtaking on Bad Roads:** Don't overtake when road conditions are poor or when visibility is compromised.
38. **Unsafe Overtaking:** Don't overtake in areas where visibility is limited or when there are restrictive signs.
39. **Signal Use:** Always use your turn signal when changing lanes or turning.
40. **Honk Use:** Use the horn sparingly, only as a warning, and never use it for long durations.
41. **High Beam Use:** Use high beams only when necessary, such as for overtaking or in poorly lit areas.
42. **Safe Parking:** Always park where it's safe and legal, and leave the car in neutral if it could block other vehicles.
43. **Good Driving Habits:** Stay on the left lane, don't tailgate, use signals, and avoid sudden movements to ensure safety for everyone.
44. **Pedestrian Respect:** Allow pedestrians to cross and avoid splashing water on them.
45. **Respecting Other Drivers:** Use courtesy by yielding when necessary and avoiding road rage.

46. **Driver Gratitude:** Raise your hand to thank other drivers when they let you into a lane.
47. **Safe Driving Mindset:** Stay alert, follow road signs, and always drive with respect for others on the road.
48. **Review of Common Driving Offenses:** Driving without a valid license, running red lights, not wearing a helmet, and using mobile phones are common offenses leading to fines and tickets.
49. **Driving License and Registration:** Always carry both your valid license and car registration in the vehicle.
50. **Green Traffic Light:** When stopped at an intersection and the light turns green, ensure the area is clear before moving.
51. **Parking Distance:** Ensure you are parking at the correct distance from intersections, fire hydrants, and traffic lights.
52. **Accident Causes:** Most accidents are caused by drivers themselves, often due to poor vehicle condition or driver behavior.
53. **Motorcycle Safety Measures:** Always take extra care when riding a motorcycle, especially in traffic.
54. **Driving Etiquette:** Avoid actions like using high beams unnecessarily, tailgating, or using a mobile phone while driving.